USEFUL EXPRESSIONS TO DEAL WITH CUSTOMERS

<u>Greetings</u>

Ηi

Hello

Good morning/evening

Welcome to [store name].

Hello, my name is [first name].

Welcome back sir/ma'am

Offer your help

How may I help you?

Can I help you find something?

Can I help you with anything?

What brings you in to see us today?

Are you finding what you're looking for?

Are you looking for something specific / for a specific brand/color?

Got any specific brand/color in mind?

Are you shopping for someone in particular?

Are you looking for something for yourself or someone else?

I see that you have your eye on the dresses, would you like to see our winter specials?

Please let me know if you need any help.

Do you have a reservation?

Guide your customer

I'll show you, just follow me please.

If you want to take a look around, I'll be there in a minute.

This way, please. / Follow me, please.

Under what name ?/ For how many people?

Wait a minute, and I'll check the availability for you Sir/Madam

Your table will be ready within the next 5 minutes, would you like some drinks at the bar while waiting?.

Can I get you something to drink?

Can I take your order please?

Convince your customer

Check out this [product/service]

This product would be a good fit (for)...

Have you ever used/tried this or something similar?

What do you think? / How do you feel about that? / Wouldn't you say?

Would you be interested?

If you ask me... / If you want my honest opinion... / If I may suggest...

I couldn't agree with you more / You're absolutely right / I was just going to say that

Exactly / Absolutely / Sure / Me neither (negative)

Conclude a conversation

Thank you so much for shopping with us.

We hope you enjoyed shopping with us.

We hope you'll visit us again.

I hope you enjoyed your meal.

Feel free to call us anytime if you have any questions.

If a friend/family member needs something similar, we'd be happy to help.

I hope you had a nice time with us.

Hope you've had a nice time shopping with us.

Have a nice day/evening/weekend.

1. PRODUCE EXAMPLE CONVERSATION

Using the above sentences, produce a short example conversation for each of these situations. Choose the prompts that best fit the situation according to you.

Situation $n^{\circ}1$: You work in a ready-to-wear retail store. A customer comes in, and seems to be interested in scarfs.

Situation $n^{\circ}2$: You work in a luxury jewelry. A couple comes in and starts looking around. They don't seem to have any precise idea in mind.

Situation n°3 : You work in a fancy restaurant. The dining room is almost already full when a group of 8 comes in.

Situation n^4 : You work in a fast-food restaurant, today you're at the front desk. A group of 3 comes in. They seem to be a bit lost, don't look like regular fast-food customers.

Situation $n^{\circ}5$: You work in a bakery. A lady comes in, she thoroughly examins your window while you serve previous customers, but can't tell you what she needs when her turn finally comes. (If asked, she will tell you that she's organizing a reception and needs a large amount of varied pastries.)

Situation n°6: You work in a men's clothing retail store, you notice a customer that no other salesperson seem to have talked to. His arms are already full with a half-dozen shirts, a few ties, and he is still browsing for more.

2. FILL IN THE TEXT WITH THE MISSING WORDS

similar - needs - held back - refund - worth the price - purchase - installments - urgency short supply - payment - features - unaffordable - issue - discounts - product - demand

Sometimes, a customer may a	ctually be intere	sted in buying a (1)	, but
might be (2)	_ due to the pric	e.	
In such a case, your first prior	ity is to emphas	ize the (3)	of the product and
prove that it's (4) You can do this by comparing it to other models and			
explaining why the others will	fail to fulfill the	customer's (5)	·
If the cost is the only (6)	, у	ou can highlight different	: (7)
options. These may include (8)	, payment (9)	or even
(10) options	s, if necessary. Y	ou can also add some (1	1) by
saying the product is in great (12)	and therefore is ir	n (13)
If you feel the product is genui	nely (14)	for the custo	mer, then you can
uggest a (15) product that has a lower price. Ideally, the customer will			
leave the shop with a lighter w	allet, but also fe	eeling uplifted and glad a	bout the
(16)			

3. TRY TALKING A CUSTOMER INTO BUYING SOMETHING

a) Classify the following words and expressions according to their goal in the context of a sale.

may be out of stock soon (1) •

alternative payment options (2) •

price range (3) •

may be of use / may benefit (4) •

pay in installments (5)

new range of products/services (6) •

may interest you (7) •

(time-limited) discount / cheaper pricing (8)

cheap for its price and features (9)

innovative/new/exciting features (10) •

limited supply (11)

value / bargain / save money (12) •

great find (13) •

money back guarantee/cash refund (14) •

recently launched (15) •

• raise interest for the product itself

• demonstrate the usefulness of the purchase

• attract attention to the interesting price

• stress that this is a unique opportunity

· demonstrate payment flexibility

b) Use the previous steps (and vocabulary) to talk an indecisive customer into buying a product from your shop.

Pretend you work in a luxury watches and jewelry shop / or in a fancy clothing shop.